[illegible]

[illegible] land permit regulations to specify, permits for the agricultural use of water may be renewed for a period of 40 years.

Concessions. The projects envisaged above require permits even when they are projects of public utility. Such permits may not be issued for terms of more than 75 years.

A set of specifications prescribing conditions under which water may be drawn, the periods of use, measures for the save of water, the maximum power of the water fall, the deadline for the completion of the construction works, the term of the concession, the water reserves to be maintained, the financial conditions, the disposal of these works upon expiration of the concession and a clause allowing for the eventual expropriation of the project shall accompany the concession.

Fees and Royalties. Royalties shall be paid for permits and concessions to the state (article 14).

Government Intervention. Rules and regulations on expropriation of land and water for public purposes shall be applicable to concessionaires, and the state may annul such rights as well as alter or demolish, against payment of an equitable indemnity, legally-created construction works (article 17).

Servitudes and Indemnities

The beneficiary of a permit or concession may take advantage of all servitudes in the execution of the work; namely, servitudes on occupation of private property, the strengthening of dams, the subsession of banks and of tracts of land, etc. The government may, where no friendly agreements have been reached on specific points, authorize the concessionaire to avail himself of the above servitudes provided he deposits a guarantee against possible damages.

Article 18 stipulates the indemnity to be paid by a concessionaire desiring to make use of certain servitudes as well as the arbitration procedure to be followed to settle disputes which may arise.

The concessionaire has the right to repurchase private [illegible]

312 Concerning the Establishment of Water Conduits and aqueducts for a
749 Public Drinking Water Supply

Articles 25 to 33 set forth the prescribed width and other specifications for embankments along drinking water conduits and aqueducts.

The width of such aqueducts shall be stipulated by decree of the head of the government. The cutting out of plantations or construction work along these conduits is prohibited, and the administration may order the felling of trees already growing there and the demolition or change of any previously existing structures within such areas.

Waterworks Construction Associations

312 Upon the initiative of the interested parties and the head
474 of the government, private associations may be formed
456 for the purpose of building works for agricultural improvement, flood control, the repair, maintenance and cleaning of water courses, land drainage, reclamation, colmatting and the construction of embankments or irrigation works.

Requests addressed to the head of the government must contain all pertinent information as to the area involved, the purpose, the projects and the type of association intended.

If such a request, upon being reviewed by the Minister of Public Works, is deemed worthy of approval, the local landowners shall be called to a meeting by the head of the government. The meeting shall proceed to the selection of a chairman, and the minutes of the meeting, including the names of the persons attending, shall be kept. The heads of municipalities, administrators of public property and the director of land service for the public domain may also attend such meetings.

If the formation of such an association is voted by simple majority, the project, with complete details as to the nature of the association, its operation, the contemplated program of work and estimates of expenditures and contributions of each person involved shall be submitted to the head of the government who shall order a 20-day investigation of the matter, during which time any persons or persons who have not joined the contemplated association may offer to convey their land, against payment of an indemnity, to

[illegible]

the administrative regulations.

Within nine months after the Statutes of Nobles have been ratified by Royal Decree, the head of the government shall issue a decree stating that such administrative law have established.

An annual budget shall be submitted for approval to the head of the government who is authorized to act as charge the total sum to be set aside for this purpose.

Disputes over the operation of the administrative shall be heard by the administrative tribunals.

Rules and methods of execution of all administrative codes shall be submitted to the Public Rules Service which will examine legislative regulations.

The head of the government may grant non-inherent hereditary titles and distinctions to the administrative, in keeping with the principles, for a period of no longer than 20 years.

Articles 45 to 51 govern the rules of procedure of such administrative, particularly their administrative organs (assembly presidents, directors and staff), their procedure for their elections and their term of office.

The general assembly, as written in the constitution, may also dismantle the administrative by a simple majority vote, provided such action is approved by the head of the government in an official decree.

The head of the government may, in case of disagreement, place in the hands of the general [illegible] assembly the dissolution and the administrative, and in any case must representatives to all meetings or committees.

Jurisdiction and Penalties

Articles 52 to 60 prescribe jurisdictions and penalties.

It is stipulated that collaborators of this decree shall be subjected to the fines of a magistrate by officials of the

[redacted]